Individuals Round 1 States 2010 (No Calculators)	
<b>3 pts 1.</b> The State Math Meet is sponsored by MAML, the Maine Association of Math Leagues. How many of the possible arrangements of the four letters in MAML do not have the two M's next to each other?	
Ans	
<b>4 pts 2.</b> Find the value of constant k so that the solution to $ k-2x  < 7$ is $3 < x < 10$ .	
Ans.	
<b>5 pts 3.</b> Maine is divided into 16 counties. The towns of Southwest Harbor, Solon, Upton Baileyville, and Millinocket are in all different counties. Find the probability that 5 different counties selected at random will contain at least 2 of the 5 named towns. Express answer as a fraction reduced to lowest form.	
Ans.	
Individuals Round 2 States 2010 (No Calculators)	
3 pts 1. How many whole numbers less than or equal to 100 satisfy:	
$(x-1)^2 = (1-x)^2$	
Ans	

**4 pts 2.** In right triangle ABC the tangent of angle A is  $\frac{24}{7}$ . What is the cosine of the

5 pts 3. A circle with center on the y-axis passes through the points (-7, -6) and (20, 3).

Ans.

The circle intersects the positive x-axis at (a, 0). Find a.

complement of angle A?

Individuals Round 3 States 2010 (No Calculators)	
<b>3 pts 1.</b> If $P = iV$ and $V = iR$ , find P, if $i = 5$ and $R = 22$ .	
<b>4 pts 2.</b> If $\cos^2 \theta = \frac{3}{4}$ , find the maximum possible value of $1 - \sin \theta$ .	
Ans.	
<b>5 pts 3.</b> The sides of a triangle are 17, 25, and 28. Find the length of the altitude to the longest side.	
Ans	
Individuals Round 4 States 2010 (No Calculators)	
<b>3 pts 1.</b> Find the probability a person turning 17 years old in 2010 will have a birthday in April. Assume the same number of people are born each day, and express your answer as a common fraction in simplest form.	
Ans.	
4 pts 2. What integer is not in the domain of the function	
$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 1}}{x^4 + 4x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x + 1}$ <b>Ans.</b>	
<b>5 nts 3</b> . Find a in terms of b and c in simplest form if	

Ans.

 $5a^2 - 20b^2 = 12abc.$ 

# Individuals Round 5 States 2010 (No Calculators)

#### Round 1 **States 2010** (You may use calculators) Team

4 pts 1. Trig McMaml had a life span of 2.7 billion seconds.

What was Trig's age on his last birthday?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

**4 pts 2.** Find the greatest integer x, such that  $x^7 < 100,000,000$ .

Ans.

- 6 pts 3. How many natural numbers when written as numerals in base 8 and as numerals in base 12 have exactly three digits in both of them? Ans.
- **6 pts 4.** The equation  $x^4 6x^3 + tx^2 + wx 40 = 0$  has two roots  $4 + \sqrt{11}$  and  $4 \sqrt{11}$ . Find the integer value of t + w.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

**6 pts 5.** If  $\frac{1}{\log_2 x} + \frac{1}{\log_4 x} + \frac{1}{\log_5 x} = \frac{1}{a}$ , find a in simplest form.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

**8 pts 6.** Find the sum of the positive factors of 720.

Ans.

8 pts 7. A right triangle has a hypotenuse of 8 and altitude to the hypotenuse of 2. Find the perimeter of the triangle.

8 pts 8. Determine which of the statements below are always true. Add the points given after each of the statements. Write the sum as your answer.

•  $\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta}$  (1 pt)

- $\sqrt{360}$  is a rational number (2 pts)
- $\log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = -\log x$  (4 pts)
- The number of primes is infinite (8 pts)

•  $i^{-1} = -i$  (16 pts

- $\pi > e (32 pts)$
- $\log x < x \text{ for all } x > 0 \text{ (64 pts)}$
- 2010 has 32 integer factors (128 pts)
- $\sqrt{A} < A$  for all A > 0 (256 pts)  $f(x) = \frac{4}{x}$  is its own inverse (512 pts)

Ans.

# Team Round 2 States 2010 (You may use calculators)

<b>4 pts 1.</b> Both diagonals are drawn in a 10 by 16 rectangle, form triangles. Find the largest area of any of these triangles.	ning 4 non-overlapping
	Ans.
<b>4 pts 2.</b> An 850 foot guy wire is attached to the top of an 840 f many feet at the most away from the base of the tower will the ground? Assume the ground is level.	
<b>6 pts 3.</b> The first two entries in a particular row of Pascal's Trithe next entry in this row.	angle are 1 and 2010. Find
	Ans.
6 pts 4. In the mini-Sudoku puzzle shown, each row of 4, each column of 4, and each of the 2 by 2 boxes must contain all the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4. The puzzle doesn't have enough information for a unique solution. Find the sum of all possible entries into the box labeled "X" that are part of a proper solution.  Ans.	1 2 2 X X
<b>6 pts 5.</b> Find the probability the 8 <sup>th</sup> power of a randomly select a unit's digit of 1.	ted whole number will have  Ans.
<b>8 pts 6.</b> Consider the set of all $4^{th}$ degree polynomials with rea each polynomial, assign an ordered pair of whole numbers (r, c distinct real roots of the polynomial and $c = the$ number of distinct unique (r, c) ordered pairs will be assigned?	e), where $r =$ the number of
8 pts 7. A right triangle has hypotenuse 85 and integer leg leng possible lengths for the shorter leg of this triangle.  Ans.	gths. Find the sum of all
<b>8 pts 8.</b> Mr. Math runs a whole number Shop in which he sells composites for \$2 apiece, and the numbers 0 and 1 for \$1 apiece distinct whole numbers for \$25. What is the least possible sum set?	e. Elmer buys a set of

## Seat A Blue Relay States 2010

Solve for x: 
$$||4-x|-|x+2|| = 0$$

Pass back: 
$$A^2 + 2A + 1$$
  $A =$ Your answer.

## Seat B Blue Relay States 2010

Paint goes on sale next week at 40% off the regular price. How many gallons can be purchased next week for what 6 gallons would cost this week?

Pass back: 
$$\frac{2B}{X}$$

$$B = Your$$
 answer.

$$B = Your$$
 answer.  $X = The$  number you will receive.

## Seat C Blue Relay States 2010

The area of rectangle R is 35 and the area of rectangle Q is 42. If the width of Q is 4/3 times the width of R, by what per cent is the length of Q less than the length of R? (Your answer C is amount of the per cent; that is C%.

$$C = Your$$
 answer.

$$C = Your$$
 answer.  $X = The$  number you will receive.

## Seat D Blue Relay States 2010

Solve for x: 
$$\frac{25}{2}$$
 x<sup>2</sup> - 10x + 2 = 0

$$D = Your$$
 answer.

$$D = Your$$
 answer.  $X = The$  number you will receive.

## Seat E Blue Relay States 2010

The first three terms of a sequence are -211, -202, and -193. Which term is 356?

Pass in: 
$$E - X$$

$$E = Your$$
 answer.

$$X =$$
 The number you will receive.

## Seat A Green Relay States 2010

Solve for x: 
$$||x+7|-|1-x|| = 0$$

Pass back: 
$$A^2 + 4A + 4$$
  $A =$ Your answer.

## Seat B Green Relay States 2010

Paint goes on sale next week at 25% off the regular price. How many gallons can be purchased next week for what 6 gallons cost this week?

Pass back: 
$$\frac{2B}{X+1}$$
 B = Your answer. X = The number you will receive.

## Seat C Green Relay States 2010

The area of a rectangle R is 45 and the area of rectangle Q is 54. If the width of Q is 3/2 times the width of R, by what per cent is the length of Q less than the length of R? (Your answer C is the amount of the per cent; that is C%).

Pass back: 
$$CX$$
  $C = Your$  answer.  $X = The$  number you will receive.

Solve for x: 
$$\frac{9}{2}x^2 - 6x + 2 = 0$$

Pass back: 
$$\frac{X}{D}$$
 D = Your answer. X = The number you will receive.

## Seat E Green Relay States 2010

The first three terms of a sequence are -307, -296, and -285. Which term in the sequence is 210?

Pass in: 
$$\frac{X}{E}$$
 E = Your answer. X = The number you will receive.

## Seat A Pink Relay States 2010

Solve for q: 
$$\frac{2-7q}{4} = \frac{7-2q}{4}$$

Pass back: 
$$A^4$$
  $A = your$  answer.

## Seat B Pink Relay States 2010

There are 3 teaspoons in a tablespoon, 4 tablespoons in a quarter cup, 2 cups in a pint, 2 pints in a quart, 4 quarts in a gallon, and 5280 feet in a mile. Elmer's street rod gets 8 miles per gallon of gas. How many feet can Elmer drive on a teaspoon of gas?

Pass back: 
$$B - X$$
  $B = Your$  answer.  $X = The$  number you will receive.

## Seat C Pink Relay States 2010

The surface area of a cube is 36. Find the length of the longest interior diagonal.

Pass back: 
$$\frac{X}{C^2}$$
  $C =$ Your answer.  $X =$ The number you will receive.

## Seat D Pink Relay States 2010

There are two values of x satisfying the following proportion: x is to 40 as 45 is to x. Find the larger of these two values.

Pass back: 
$$\frac{D^2}{X^2}$$
 D = your answer. X = the number you will receive.

## Seat E Pink Relay States 2010

How many odd 7-digit numbers, each less than 3,000,000, can be made from the set consisting of  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ , if the digits are distinct?

## Seat A Yellow Relay States 2010

Solve for q: 
$$\frac{5-3q}{53} = \frac{15-13q}{53}$$

Pass back: 
$$A^4 - 1$$
  $A = Your$  answer.

## Seat B Yellow Relay States 2010

There are 3 teaspoons in a tablespoon, 4 tablespoons in a quarter cup, 2 cups in a pint, 2 pints in a quart, 4 quarts in a gallon, and 5280 feet in a mile. Alva's street rod gets 16 miles per gallon of gas. How many feet can Alva drive on a teaspoon of gas?

Pass back: 
$$B - X + 1$$
  $B = Your$  answer.  $X = The$  number you will receive.

## Seat C Yellow Relay States 2010

The surface area of a cube is 72. Find the length of the longest interior diagonal.

Pass back: 
$$\frac{2X}{C}$$
  $C =$ Your answer.  $X =$ The number you will receive.

## Seat D Yellow Relay States 2010

There are two values of x satisfying the following proportion: x is to 36 as 49 is to x. Find the lesser of these two values.

Pass back: 
$$X + D$$
  $D = Your$  answer.  $X = The$  number you will receive.

## Seat E Yellow Relay States 2010

How many even 7-digit numbers, each less than 3,000,000, can be formed from the set consisting of {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}, if the digits are distinct?

Pass in: 
$$\frac{E}{|X|}$$
 E = Your answer. X = The number you will receive.

#### Solutions – Individuals Round 1

- 1. The M's can be separated if they are in positions 1 and 3, 1 and 4, or 2 and 4. The A and L can be in 2 orders for each.

  Ans. 6
- 2. If |k-2x| < 7, then -7 < k-2x,  $7 \implies -7 k < -2x < 7 k \implies \frac{k+7}{2} > x > \frac{k-7}{2}$ . So  $\frac{k+7}{2} = 10$  or  $\frac{k-7}{2} = 3$ . Both imply that k = 13.
- 3. Probability 0 towns:  $\frac{{}_{11}C_5}{{}_{16}C_5} = \frac{462}{4368}$ . Probability 1 town:  $\frac{{}_{11}C_4 \cdot {}_5}{{}_{16}C_5} = \frac{330 \cdot 5}{4368} = \frac{1650}{4368}$ . Probability 2 or more towns:  $1 \frac{462 + 1650}{4368} = \frac{2256}{4368} = \frac{141}{273} = \frac{47}{91}$ . **Ans.**  $\frac{47}{91}$

#### **Individuals** Round 2

- 1. Since all numbers work, there are 101 whole numbers less or equal to 100. Ans. 101
- 2. By the Pythagorean Thm., the hypotenuse is 25. The cosine of the complement of A would be he same as the sine of A, which is 24/25.

Ans. 24/25

3. The perpendicular bisector of any chord passes through the center. The midpoint of the chord is  $(\frac{13}{2}, -\frac{3}{2})$  and the slope is 1/3, so the center lies on  $y + \frac{3}{2} = -3(x - \frac{13}{2})$ . If x = 0, then y = 18, so the center is at (0, 18). The distance to either point is 25, so the equation of the circle is  $x^2 + (y - 18)^2 = 25^2$ . For y = 0,  $x^2 = 625 - 324 = 301$ .

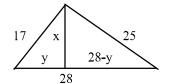
Ans.  $\sqrt{301}$ 

#### **Individuals** Round 3

1. 
$$V = (5)(22) = 110$$
.  $P = (5)(110) = 550$ . Ans. 550

2. 
$$\cos^2 \theta = \frac{3}{4} \implies \sin^2 \theta = \frac{1}{4} \implies \sin \theta = \pm \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 - (-\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot .$$
 Ans. 1½

3. Let the altitude to the longest side be x as in the figure. Then  $(1) x^2 + y^2 = 289$  and  $(2) x^2 + (28 - y)^2 = 625$ . In  $(2): x^2 + 784 - 56y + y^2 = 625$ . Subtracting (1) from (2): 784 - 56y = 336. 448 = 56y.  $\Rightarrow y = 8$ . Thus x = 15.



Ans. 15

#### **Individuals Round 4**

- 1. There are 30 days in April and 2010 is not a leap year, thus  $\frac{30}{365} = \frac{6}{73}$ . Ans.  $\frac{6}{73}$
- 2. Since the numerator is  $(x-1)^2$  it is never negative. The denominator factors into  $(x+1)^4$ . When x=-1, the denominator is zero.
- 3.  $5a^2 20b^2 = 12abc \rightarrow 5a^2 12abc 20b^2 = 0$ . By the quadratic formula:

$$a = \frac{12bc \pm \sqrt{144b^2c^2 - 4(5)(-20b^2)}}{10} = \frac{12bc \pm 4b\sqrt{9c^2 + 25}}{10} =$$
**Ans.**  $\frac{6bc \pm 2b\sqrt{9c^2 + 25}}{5}$ 

#### **Individuals Round 5**

- 1. 8 in/min = 480 in/hr = 40 ft/hr.  $2640 \text{ ft} \div 40 \text{ ft/hr} = 66 \text{ hours}$ . **Ans. 66 hr**
- 2.  $\frac{8}{1-r} = 6 \implies 8 = 6 6r$ . r = -1/3. 4<sup>th</sup> term:  $8(-1/3)^3 = -8/27$ . **Ans.** -8/27
- 3. Let N = the fraction of the teenagers living in Northern Maine. Then using the weight averaging principle, which is the formula for doing mixture/solution word problems: (.23)N + (.11)(1 N) = .1736(1).  $\rightarrow 2300N + 1100 1100N = 1736 \rightarrow 1200N = 636$ .

$$N = \frac{636}{1200} = \frac{106}{200} = \frac{53}{100}.$$
Ans. 53%

#### **Individuals Round 6**

- 1. There are 13 switchbacks below Sara's favorite spot and 6 above: 13 + 1 + 6. **Ans. 20**
- 2. The plane of each triangle makes a tetrahedron with one of the vertices of the cube. There will be 8 such tetrahedrons that can be made, from the 8 vertices. Ans. 8
- 3.  $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{100} = \frac{100 + x}{100x}$ . If n divides 100x, it must divide 100 and x for the fraction to be reducible. This is true if and only if 100 and x are relatively prime. So x cannot be a multiple of 2, 4, or 5. There are 49 even numbers and 10 multiples of 5, which are not also multiples of 2. 99 59 = 40.

  Ans. 40

#### Team Round 1

1.  $2,700,000,000 \div 3600 \text{ sec/hr} \div 24 \text{ hr/day} \div 365.25 \text{ days/year} = 85.558.$  Ans. 85

2. 
$$x^7 < 100,000,000 \rightarrow 7 \log x = 8 \rightarrow \log x = 8/7 \rightarrow x = 13.895$$

**Ans. 13** 

- 3. Minimum in base 12 is  $100_{12} = 144$ . Maximum in base 8 is  $777_{8}$  or  $1000_{8}$  1 = 511. 511 144 = 367. 367 + 1 = 368. **Ans. 368**
- 4. The two roots  $4 + \sqrt{11}$  and  $4 \sqrt{11}$  came from the equation  $(x 4)^2 = 11$  or  $x^2 8x + 5 = 0$ . Dividing this into  $x^4 6x^3 + tx^2 + wx 40 = 0$ :

In order for these to be roots, then t + 19 must = 0. So t = -19.

And w - 74 must = 0. So w = 74. t + w = 55. In the last term of quotient, -8 has to multiply 5 to get -40.

5.  $\frac{1}{\log_3 x} + \frac{1}{\log_4 x} + \frac{1}{\log_5 x} = \frac{1}{\frac{\log x}{\log 3}} + \frac{1}{\frac{\log x}{\log 4}} + \frac{1}{\frac{\log x}{\log 5}} = \frac{\log 3}{\log x} + \frac{\log 4}{\log x} + \frac{\log 5}{\log x} = \log_x 3 + \log_x 4 + \log_x 5 = \frac{\log 3}{\log x} + \frac{\log 4}{\log x} + \frac{\log 5}{\log x} = \log_x 3 + \log_x 4 + \log_x 5 = \frac{\log 3}{\log x} + \frac{\log 4}{\log x} + \frac{\log 5}{\log x} = \log_x 3 + \log_x 4 + \log_x 5 = \frac{\log 3}{\log x} + \frac{\log 4}{\log x} + \frac{\log 5}{\log x} = \log_x 3 + \log_x 4 + \log_x 5 = \frac{\log 3}{\log x} + \frac{\log 4}{\log x} + \frac{\log 5}{\log x} = \log_x 3 + \log_x 4 + \log_x 5 = \frac{\log 3}{\log x} + \frac{\log 4}{\log x} + \frac{\log 5}{\log x} = \log_x 3 + \log_x 4 + \log_x 5 = \frac{\log 3}{\log x} + \frac{\log 4}{\log x} + \frac{\log 5}{\log x} = \log_x 3 + \log_x 4 + \log_x 5 = \frac{\log 3}{\log x} + \frac{\log 4}{\log x} + \frac{\log 5}{\log x} = \log_x 3 + \log_x 4 + \log_x 5 = \frac{\log 3}{\log x} + \frac{\log 3}{\log x}$ 

$$\log_{x} 60 = \frac{\log 60}{\log x} = \frac{1}{\frac{\log x}{\log 60}} = \frac{1}{\log_{60} x} = \frac{1}{a}$$
. Thus  $a = \log_{60} x$ .

Ans.  $a = \log_{60} x$ 

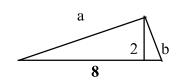
**Ans. 55** 

6. There are two ways to find the sum of the factors of 720. One is to write all the ordered pairs of two numbers that multiply to get 720. As the first number in the ordered pairs increases, the second number in the ordered pairs decreases. Thus (1, 720), (2, 360), (3, 240), (4, 180), (5, 144), (6, 120), (8, 90), (9, 80), (10, 72), (12, 60), (15, 48), (16, 45), (18, 40), (20, 36), (24, 30). Adding these yields 2418. The second way to find the sum is through the prime factors, which is also involved in finding the number of factors. Prime factorizing 720:  $3 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 = 3^2 \cdot 2^4 \cdot 5^1$ . The sum of the factors of 720 through its

factors is:  $\frac{3^3 - 1}{3 - 1} \cdot \frac{2^5 - 1}{2 - 1} \cdot \frac{5^2 - 1}{5 - 1} = 13 \cdot 31 \cdot 6 = 2418.$ 

Ans. 2418

7. In the figure, the 3 triangles are similar. Thus  $\frac{a}{8} = \frac{2}{b}$  or ab = 16.  $a^2 + b^2 = 64$ .  $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2 = 64 + 32 = 96$ . Thus  $a + b = \sqrt{96} = 4\sqrt{6}$ . **Ans. 8 + 4** $\sqrt{6}$ 



8. The following points are true: (4 + 16 + 64 + 8 + 32 + 128 + 512) = 764.

Ans. 764

#### Team Round 2

1. Each triangle has  $\frac{1}{4}$  bh for area = 40.

**Ans. 40** 

2. Using the Pythagorean Theorem the distance is 130 ft.

**Ans. 130 ft** 

- 3. The first two entries are  $\binom{2010}{0}$  and  $\binom{2010}{1}$ . The  $3^{\text{rd}}$  is  $\binom{2010}{2}$ . Ans. 2, 019, 045
- 4. The box beside the 1 has to be a 2 and the box below the 3 has to be a 2. So x cannot be 2. It can be all others 1, 3, 4. The sum is 8.

  Ans. 8
- 5. The number has to have an odd unit's digit, but cannot be 5. Of 1, 3, 7, 9 all will produce a 1 at the 8<sup>th</sup> power. 4 out of 10.

  Ans. 2/5 or .4
- 6. There can be up to 4 distinct roots according to the Fundamental Theorem of Algebra. Since the coefficients are real, any complex roots must come in pairs. The possibilities are: (4, 0), (3, 0), (2, 0), (1, 0), (2, 2), (1, 2), (0, 2) and (0, 4). The following are possible (r, c) ordered pairs and examples of p(x): (0, 4):  $x^4 + 1$ ; (2, 2):  $x^4 1$ ; (1, 2):  $(x-1)^2(x^2 + 1)$ ; (0, 2):  $(x^2 + 1)^2$ ; (4, 0): (x-1)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4); (3,0):  $(x-1)^2(x-2)(x-3)$ ; (2,0):  $(x^2 1)^2$ ; (1, 0):  $x^4$ .
- 7. 85 = 5.17, so multiples of 3-4-5 and 8-15-17 work. Now find all a,b with gcf (a, b) = 1 and one of a, b even such that  $a^2 + b^2 = 85$ . Then  $|a^2 b^2|$ , 2ab,  $a^2 + b^2$  will be the Fundamental Pythagorean Triples. There are two: (9, 2) and (7, 6). The four triangles are: 51 68 85, 40 75 85, 36 77 85, 13 84 85. Add shorter legs: 51 + 40 + 36 + 13 = 140.
- 8. Students will find that adding the numbers 0 through 9 and 11 will make \$25. So the least possible sum is 56.

  Ans. 56

## Blue Relay Seat A

x = 1 makes the absolute value = 0. A = 1. Pass:  $1^2 + 2(1) + 1 = 4$ . Ans. A = 1, Pass: 4

## Blue Relay Seat B

40% off is equivalent of a factor of 0.6. 6/0.6 = 10. B = 10, X = 4. Pass:  $\frac{2B}{X} = \frac{2(10)}{4} = 5$ .

Ans. B = 10 Pass: 5

### Blue Relay Seat C

For rectangle R, width times length equals WL = 35. For rectangle Q, (4/3 W)(kL) = 42.  $\frac{4}{3} \text{ k} = \frac{6}{5} \Rightarrow \text{ k} = 0.9$ . Thus, the length is 10% less. C = 10, X = 5. Pass: 2CX = 2(10)(5) = 100.

### Blue Relay Seat D

$$\frac{25}{2}$$
x<sup>2</sup> - 10x + 2 = 0  $\Rightarrow$  25x<sup>2</sup> - 20x + 4 = 0  $\Rightarrow$  (5x - 2)<sup>2</sup> = 0. D = 2/5, X = 100. Pass DX: (2/5)(100) = 40. Ans. D = 2/5 Pass: 40

### **Blue Relay** Seat E

$$356 = -211 + (n-1)9$$
  $\rightarrow$   $567 = (n-1)9$   $\rightarrow$   $63 = n-1$ .  $E = 64$ ,  $X = 40$ . Pass:  $E - X = 24$ . Ans.  $E = 64$  Pass: 24

### Green Relay Seat A

x = -3 makes the absolute value = 0. Pass back:  $(-3)^2 + 4(-3) + 4 = 1$ . Ans. A = -3, Pass: 1

### Green Relay Seat B

25% off is equivalent of a factor of .75. 6/0.75 = 8. B = 8, X = 1. Pass:  $\frac{2B}{X+1} = \frac{2(8)}{(1)+1} = 8$ Ans. B = 8 Pass: 8

## Green Relay Seat C

For rectangle R, width times Length equals WL = 45. For rectangle Q, (3/2 W)(kL) = 54.  $\frac{3}{2} \text{ k} = \frac{6}{5} \implies \text{k} = 0.8$ . Thus the length is 20% less. C = 20, X = 8. Pass: CX = (20)(8) = 160 Ans. C = 20 Pass: 160

## Green Relay Seat D

$$\frac{9}{2}x^2 - 6x + 2 = 0 \implies 9x^2 - 12x + 4 = 0 \implies (3x - 2)^2 = 0. C = 2/3, X = 160.$$
Pass:  $\frac{X}{D} = \frac{160}{\frac{2}{3}} = 240.$ 
Ans.  $\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{2}/\mathbf{3}$  Pass: 240

## **Green Relay** Seat E

210 = -307 + (n − 1) 11 → 517 = (n − 1)11 → 47 = n − 1. E = 48, X = 240.  
Pass: 
$$\frac{X}{E} = \frac{240}{48} = 5$$
. Ans. E = 48 Pass: 5

#### Pink Relay Seat A

$$2-7q=7-2q \rightarrow 5q=-5 \rightarrow q=-1$$
. A = 1. Pass:  $(1-)^4=1$ . Ans. A = -1

Pass: 1

## Pink Relay Seat B

8(5280)ft/gal, 3(4)(4)(2)(2)(4) tsp/gal 
$$\Rightarrow \frac{8 \cdot 5280 f t}{3 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 tsp} = \frac{8 \cdot 660}{3 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 2} = \frac{220}{5} = 55 f t tsp$$
.  
B = 55, X = 1. Pass: B - X = 54. **Ans. B = 55 Pass 54**

### Pink Relay Seat C

Let s = side length. Then  $6s^2 = 36$  and  $s = \sqrt{6}$ . The long interior diagonal =  $\sqrt{6} \cdot \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{2}$ .  $C = 3\sqrt{2}$ , X = 54. Pass:  $\frac{X}{C^2} = \frac{54}{18} = 3$ . Ans.  $C = 3\sqrt{2}$  Pass: 3

#### Pink Relay Seat D

$$\frac{x}{40} = \frac{45}{x} \implies x^2 = 40(45) \implies x = \pm 30\sqrt{2} . D = 30\sqrt{2} , X = 3. Pass: \frac{D^2}{X^2} = \frac{1800}{9} = 200.$$
Ans.  $30\sqrt{2}$  Pass: 200

## Pink Relay Seat E

First digit is 1 or 2. If 1, the possibilities for the last digit to be odd is 3, 5, 7 (3 possibilities) the rest of the digits is 5! If 2, there are 4 possibilities for the last digit and 5! for the rest of the digits. That makes (3 + 4)5! = 840. E = 840, X = 200. Pass:

$$\frac{X}{E} = \frac{200}{840} = \frac{5}{21}$$

Ans. E = 840Pass 5/21

## Yellow Relay Seat A

$$5-3q=15-13q \rightarrow 10q=10$$
. A = 1, Pass: A<sup>4</sup> - 1 = 0.

Ans. 1 Pass: 0

## Yellow Relay Seat B

110 ft/tsp (Look at Yellow Seat A). A = 110, X = 0. Pass: B - X + 1 = 111.

Ans. B = 110**Pass: 111** 

### Yellow Relay Seat C

 $6s^2 = 72$ .  $s = 2\sqrt{3}$ . The long interior diagonal =  $2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3} = 6$ . C = 6, X = 111. Pass:  $\frac{2X}{C} = \frac{2(111)}{6} = 37$ . **Ans.** C = 6 **Pass: 37** 

## Yellow Relay Seat D

$$\frac{x}{36} = \frac{49}{x}$$
  $\Rightarrow$   $x^2 = 36(49)$   $\Rightarrow$   $x = \pm 42$ .  $D = -42$ ,  $X = 37$ . Pass:  $X + D = -5$ .

Ans. D = -42 Pass: -5

### Yellow Relay Seat E

The first digit is 1 or 2. If 1, the last digit has to be 2, 4, or 6 (3 possibilities) and 5! for the rest of the digits. If 2, the last digit can be 4 or 6 (2 possibilities) and 5! for the rest.

Thus there are (3+2)5! = 600 numbers. E = 600, X = -5. Pass:  $\frac{E}{|X|} = \frac{600}{5} = 120$ 

Ans. E = 600 Pass: 120

#### **Answer Sheet – States 2010**

#### **Individuals Round 1**

- 1. 6
- 2. 13 or k = 13
- 3. 47/91

#### **Individuals Round 2**

- 1. 101
- 2. 24/25
- 3.  $\sqrt{301}$

#### **Individuals Round 3**

- 1. 550 or P = 550
- 2. 1.5 or 3/2 or  $1\frac{1}{2}$
- 3. 15

### **Individuals Round 4**

- 1. 6/73
- 2. -1 or  $x \neq -1$  or x = -1
- $3. \ \frac{6bc \pm 2b\sqrt{9c^2 + 25}}{5}$

#### **Individuals Round 5**

- 1. 66 or 66 hrs
- 2. 8/27
- 3. 53 or 53%

#### **Individuals Round 6**

- 1. 20
- 2. 8
- 3. 40

#### **Team Round 1**

- 1. 85
- 2. 13
- 3. 368
- 4. 55
- 5.  $log_{60}x$
- 6. 2418
- 7.  $8 + 4\sqrt{6}$  or 17.7980
- 8. 764

#### **Team Round 2**

- 1. 40
- 2. 130 or 130 ft
- 3. 2,019,045
- 4. 8
- 5. 2/5 or 0.4
- 6. 8
- 7. 140
- 8. 56

#### **Green Relay Yellow Relay Blue Relay** Pink Relay A = 1Pass: 4 A = -3 Pass: 1 A = -1Pass: 1 A = 1Pass: 0 B = 10 Pass: 5 B = 55**Pass: 54** B = 110**Pass: 100** $\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{8}$ Pass: 8 $C = 3\sqrt{2}$ Pass: 3 C = 10 Pass: 100 C = 20 Pass: 160 C = 6 Pass: 37 $D = 30\sqrt{2}$ Pass: 200 D = 2/5 Pass: 40 D = 2/3 Pass: 240 D = -42**Pass: -5** E = 64 Pass: 24 E = 48 Pass: 5 E = 840Pass: 5/21 E = 600 Pass: 120